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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 09/973,344 10/09/2001 B01-31 Stephen K. Scolamiero 6207 EXAMINER 40990 09/21/2004 7590 **ACUSHNET COMPANY** LEE, EDMUND H 333 BRIDGE STREET ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER P.O. BOX 965 FAIRHAVEN, MA 02719 1732

DATE MAILED: 09/21/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				- (1)
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	4
Office Audi D		09/973,344	SCOLAMIERO ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		EDMUND H. LEE	1732	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a representation of the provision of t	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tinely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communicati (D) (35 U.S.C. & 133).	ion.
Status				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29	June 2004.		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nis action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under	r <i>Ex parte Quayl</i> e, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposit	on of Claims			
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application	on		
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>9-11 and 15</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)🖂	Claim(s) 1-8,12-14 and 16-18 is/are rejected	l.		
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.		
Applicati	on Papers			
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.		
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ ad		Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is required if the drawing(s) is obj	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121	(d).
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	Examiner. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	an priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	y-(d) or (f).	
_	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(-) -, ().	
	1. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received.		
	2. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received in Applicati	on No	
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri	iority documents have been receive	d in this National Stage	
	application from the International Bure	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
* S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a lis	st of the certified copies not receive	d.	
Attachment	• •			
1) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)	
∠) ∐ Notici 3) ⊠ Inforn	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	ite atent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper	No(s)/Mail Date <u>10/09/04</u> .	6) Other:	, , , ,	
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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Claims 9-11 and 15 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on 6/29/04.
- 2. Applicant's election without traverse of claims 1-8, 12-14 and 16-18 in the reply filed on 6/29/04 is acknowledged.
- 3. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The phrase "the predetermined standard preform volume" (cl 1) lacks antecedent basis in the claim.

The phrase "the step of closing" (cl 3) lacks antecedent basis in the claim. Correction is required.

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schenk (USPN 4085937) in view of Harris (USPN 4209476). In regard to claim 1, Schenk teaches the basic claimed process including making a golf core (col 6, Ins 30-40; figs 1-4); forming at least one preform (col 6, Ins 30-40; figs 1-4); measuring each

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preform (col 6, Ins 30-40; figs 1-4)-the use of controlled volume portioning apparatus inherently entails a step of measuring; and advancing each preform to a spherical cavity (col 6, Ins 30-40; figs 1-4). Schenk, however, does not teach using the measurements to determine a measured volume of each preform; and advancing each preform to a spherical cavity if the measured volume is substantially equal to the predetermined standard preform volume. Harris teaches a method of extruding molded articles (figs 1-11); measuring a portion of an extrudate to determine a volume (figs 1-11); and advancing the extrudate if the measured volume is within an acceptable range (figs 1-11). Schenk and Harris are combinable because they are analogous with respect to extrusion molding. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the measuring means and step of measuring of Harris to the preform slugs of Schenk in order to the molding of good cores. In regard to claim 2, such is taught by Schenk as evident at col 6, Ins 20-65. In regard to claims 3 and 4, the specific moving direction of the mold halves is a mere obvious matter of choice dependent on molding equipment availability and of little patentable consequence to the claimed process since it is not a manipulative feature or step of the claimed process. Further, the claimed moving direction is well-known in the molding art in order to ensure proper sealing. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to move the mold halves along the claimed directions in order to ensure proper sealing.

6. Claims 5-8, 12-14 and 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schenk (USPN 4085937) in view of Harris (USPN 4209476). In

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regard to claim 5, Schenk teaches the basic claimed process including making a golf core (col 6, Ins 30-40; figs 1-4); forming at least one preform (col 6, Ins 30-40; figs 1-4); measuring each preform (col 6, Ins 30-40; figs 1-4)--the use of controlled volume portioning apparatus inherently entails a step of measuring. Schenk, however, does not teach using the measurements to determine a measured volume of each preform. Harris teaches a method of extruding molded articles (figs 1-11); measuring a portion of an extrudate to determine a volume (figs 1-11); and advancing the extrudate if the measured volume is within an acceptable range (figs 1-11). Schenk and Harris are combinable because they are analogous with respect to extrusion molding. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the measuring means and step of measuring of Harris to the preform slugs of Schenk in order to the molding of good cores. In regard to claim 6, such is taught by Schenk (col 6, Ins 30-40; figs 1-4). In regard to claim 7, such is taught by Schenk (col 6, Ins 30-40; figs 1-4). In regard to claim 8, the use of a laser micrometer is a mere obvious matter of choice dependent on equipment availability and of little patentable consequence to the claimed process. Further, laser micrometers are wellknown in the molding art to measure volume. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a laser micrometer on the preform of Schenk in order to accurately measure the volume of the preform. In regard to claims 12-13, such is taught by the above combination of Schenk and Harris. In regard to claim 14, visual cues are well-known in the molding art as a means to indicate an error. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at

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the time the invention was made to use a visual cue in the process of Schenk (modified) in order to clearly and effectively alert an error. In regard to claim 16, such is well-known in the molding art in order to prevent the molding of an unacceptable article. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made in order to prevent the molding of an unacceptable golf ball core. In regard to claims 17 and 18, it is well-known in the molding art to automatically adjust a molding variable such as rate of cutting in order to achieve a desired measurement. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to adjust the rate of cutting of Schenk if the measured volume of Schenk (modified) is unacceptable in order to ensure the molding of acceptable golf ball cores.

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Cloutier (USPN 6582215) teaches the state of the art.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to EDMUND H. LEE whose telephone number is 571.272.1204. The examiner can normally be reached on MONDAY-THURSDAY FROM 9AM-4PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Colaianni can be reached on 571.272.1196. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

EDMUND H. LEE Primary Examiner Art Unit 1732

EHL

7 ductum 9/20/04.